The Chicago Tribune.

VOL XXII. CHICAGO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1868. NUMBER 132.

EUROPE.

Desertions from the Papal Army

General Prim Confirmed as Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of Spain.

Prim's Proclamation to the Soldiers.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

Italy.

DESERTIONS FROM THE PAPAL ARMY.

LONDON, Nov. 8.

Despatches from Italy report that the Papal army is rapidly being depleted by desertions, which are on the increase.

Spain.

GENERAL PRIM CONFIRMED AS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

MADRID, Nov. 8.

Marshal Serrano has confirmed the appointment of General Prim as Commander-in-Chief of the armies of Spain. A brigade of infantry will sail for Havana on the 15th inst. Several regiments will sail for the Peninsula on the 20th inst. for Cuba until December.

At a meeting of the republicans in this city, yesterday, it was decided that the party should vote against a monarchy and in favor of the continuance of the present republican form.

Prim has issued a circular to military commanders considering them that it is not improbable that soldiers could take part in political meetings.

OUTFLOW OF THE LAKES.

Scientific Observations on the Supply and Outflow of the Northwestern Lakes—The Meter and Method of Using It—Results of the Observations.

From the Detroit Post, November 5.

It is now almost two years since the newspapers of the West began to discuss whether the great lakes are fed by subaqueous springs, or from the rainfall alone. The parties who asserted the theory of subaqueous springs asserted that more water flowed out than fell in the lakes; that could be proved by all the scores of simply known to exist, while the springs were hidden and unknown. It extended that evaporation and the visible outflow would not account for all the water which flow into the lakes received and distributed. Both sides found encouragement for their views, in the fact of the periodical rising and falling of the waters in the lakes; in that of the occasional flowing of mineral springs, and in the fact that the waters of the lakes were of many different degrees of coldness. The matter was finally brought to a practical test by the Lake Survey, which was ordered by the Secretary of War, and placed under the charge of Major-General A. A. Humphreys and Lieut. H. L. Abbott, of the Corps of Engineers, in the Department of the Lakes, with headquarters at Detroit. Having dissatisfied with the results of their labors, they devised a "Telegraphic Current Meter," which, when successfully used, in its several rivers connecting the lakes, would solve the problem.

DESCRIPTION OF THE METER.

The meter consists of a four-bladed wheel, which has on its shaft an eccentric, and on the eccentric a long rod. This rod is kept in the eccentric by a light spring, while into the other end a hole is drilled, leaving the rod free to move in a circle, which has for the centre the centre of the bottom hole. Into these holes are inserted the ends of the wire, which lower more on the pedal of the wire coming from the north district, but in the middle of the canal platinum plate is fastened to the axle. The other end of the wire is connected by a binding screw, to the frame of the meter, and is fastened to the axle, but insulated from it. A hole passes through the axle, and the wire at right angles to each other, sufficiently large to allow the wire to pass freely without friction. The whole is suspended by a yoke which has two small eyes on its axle.

THE METHOD OF USING THE METER.

The method of using the meter is as follows: A line is carefully run from the bench mark at the point where the current is to be tested, to a stake, which is driven into the water at a distance from the shore. The upper end of this wire is fastened to a spring pole, which takes up most of the motion of the boat. This wire is then carried out to the stake, the slack of the y-ke in the meter, a measured length of line is attached to the lower end of the yoke, and a weight to one in the lower end of the yoke, and a weight to one in the lower end of the yoke, and a weight to one in

The Tribune.

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EUROPE.

Female Suffrage Test Case Before the Court of Common Pleas in London.

The Spanish Government Will Not Sell Cuba.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

Great Britain.

FINAL GAME CONTEST CUPS IN THE COMING ELECTION.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

The Liberal party, in view of present indications of the pending campaign, estimates that it will have a majority in the new House of Commons of at least 100.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE TEST CASE.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

Case of Miss Brocker, who appeared before the registration board some time since, and claimed the right to vote at the coming election, and was refused by the registrars, has been taken before the court for adjudication. This movement is made in behalf of the women of the country, to establish a precedent for female suffrage. The case was argued at great length in the Common Pleas, full bench, Sir G. Bovill presiding, Mr. Coleridge supporting the claim, and Mr. Mellish opposing. There is considerable anxiety to learn the decision of the Court, which will be rendered on Monday.

BURIED AT SEA.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 7.

The bark Kate Darton, Chrystie master, of and for N. B., from Liverpool, July 21, for Rangoon, went ashore at sea on the 30th of September. Captain, second mate and ten of the crew arrived at St. Helena, but the fate of the rest of the crew is unknown.

CELEBRATION OF A PORTUGUESE EXPEDITION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA.

LISBON, Nov. 7.

Accounts are just received announcing the successful re-establishment of the Portuguese authorities in Mozambique, South Africa. This event, which consisted of the defeat of the native artillery, etc., was sent to the interior of country, where it was attacked by natives. The soldiers were killed, and the artillery, ammunition, small arms and ammunition captured. Only a few escaped to the sea coast with their lives.

MARINE DISASTER.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 7.

Robert Abbemanale, from New York, arrived off this port.

France.

EUGENIE HANDLES IN PARIS.

PARIS, Nov. 7.

Queen Isabella, of Spain, and suite, has arrived here.

Spain.

CUBA NOT FOR SALE.

MADRID, Nov. 7.

The Madrid correspondent of the *Independence* writes to that journal that the Provisional Government of Spain will undertake no proposal from the United States looking to the purchase of Cuba.

TROOPS FOR CUBA.

MADRID, Nov. 7.

The officers of the Generals of the army, the Spanish Government will immediately dispatch to Cuba a force of 9,000 men with four battalions of artillery to Cuba to suppress the insurrection.

NEW YORK.

Night Rowing Up in the Money Market.—Reports of Secretary McCulloch's Intentions Have a Salutary Effect—Failures Reported.—Other Items.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The general market is quiet to-day, but considerable general trade will be great excitement behind the Presidential election. The heavy failure in Paris was caused by the failure of a promissory note given to the paper for the stock of another who had purchased the same. They had to borrow money instead of "shaving" paper. This has had a materially effect on Northwestern securities, and they have declined down to-day. St. Paul, though there was no material change, is also weak. The Chicago and Rock Island is strong. A majority of the holders of the Pacific Mail stock have signified their assent to the proposition of the Panama Railroad Company, and are not sellers. With a few exceptions, they are the strongest stocks to-day.

Money stringency has caused all brokers to refuse loaning on mortgages, and the bank is only the support of the shorts, who were getting out of securities, who made the panic. Talking and panicky for large amounts of money is the current business of the day. The publication of a Washington despatch announcing that Secretary McCulloch would increase the greenback circulation relieved the street feeling, and the whole market took an upward turn. The Secretary has not given the slightest of the street transaction, there was a feeling of relief throughout the street, and it is said would buy but soon after could regain to sell. The Secretary is expected to arrive in this city on the open board, they will declare an average of about 6 per cent.

The feeling is that the stopping the part of Secretary will make money require the money market, and the sale of government treasury, either for the purpose of buying bonds or to meet the disbursements of the government. Should the Secretary have a large stock treasury in that respect. They have been heavy holders of bonds for some time. The last report of the bank to be from one to two millions each.

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QUINCY.

The New Railroad Bridge Across the Mississippi—The Grand Toot.

QUINCY, Nov. 7.—The railroad bridge was tested thoroughly this morning. Ten engines, the full contingent, was placed on the bridge, the usual railroad men and engineers, and the bridge was pronounced perfectly safe. At Keokuk bridge, the whole engine was placed on the bridge at one time. The first test was the two hundred feet in the river, the engine running slowly to the centre of the river, and then backed to the shore. The bridge bore this immense weight the same as with the first load. The draw was then opened by the engineer, with no variation to speak of, and the engine passed through without any trouble. The draw was closed, all with the same results. The bridge is now considered perfectly safe. The Toot was entertained by citizens of Quincy, and the bridge was crossed by the entire crowd, numbering about 1,000. The Toot left for Peoria this afternoon.

PEORIA.

Sudden Death of a Printer at His Case—German Opera.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 7.—Last night, at half-past 11 o'clock, Mr. J. A. Robertson, a printer in the Democratic office, while at work at his case, suffered a blood vessel in his throat, and died in about ten minutes. He was 30 years old, and has been in this city, and his death is universally regretted. He will be buried to-day.

The German Opera is playing here to crowded houses.

HONG KONG.

Two Women and Seventeen Children Burned to Death.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—A Hong Kong letter of September 21 states that two women and seventeen children were burned to a cinder at Canton in August.

An American woman was on trial for killing a Chinese boatman while the latter was selling liquor to his wife.

There was some excitement caused by the British gunboat Banterer leaving the river of Canton.

Treating on the Fashion Course.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A purse of a thousand dollars, with heats three in five, was offered for trotting on the Fashion Course, and won by "Old Pat."

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"Old Pat," in harness 1 1 1 1
Bonner, in wagon 2 2 2 2
Time—2:38, 2:38½, 2:37½, 2:38, 2:38.

Canadian Items.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 7.—The governor has issued a commission to the Police Magistrate of St. John to investigate and report on the kidnapping of Young. They also issued a writ for the extradition of the General Government.

The Fenian Bonnacola has put to sea. Fitzhugh with a number of Fenians and artillery. According to revolutionary gossip, the entire population of Prince Edward Island are rank against the government. They claim that the Island Gold Fields Corp. and that they are the richest stocks in the market.

Money stringency has caused all brokers to refuse loaning on mortgages, and the bank is only the support of the shorts, who were getting out of securities, who made the panic. Talking and panicky for large amounts of money is the current business of the day. The publication of a Washington despatch announcing that Secretary McCulloch would increase the greenback circulation relieved the street feeling, and the whole market took an upward turn. The Secretary has not given the slightest of the street transaction, there was a feeling of relief throughout the street, and it is said would buy but soon after could regain to sell. The Secretary is expected to arrive in this city on the open board, they will declare an average of about 6 per cent.

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CUBA.

The Rebellion Losing Ground, and the Patriots Short of Powder.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The *Herald's* Nassau special says that the Cuban cause is losing ground since the last news from Spain, and Don Pedro Lopez, late Captain-General, is ordered here with four transports and a large force to Cuba, and other Spanish reinforcements are to follow.

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FLORIDA.

Rebel Accounts of Threatened Disorders at Tallahassee—Governor Reed Shoots the Impeachment Proceedings in the Legislature.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Nov. 7.—About a week ago, when the Legislature was first organized, there were rumors in the city and county that the Governor would be impeached by the Legislature. At all such times there were no grounds for the rumors. The case of the Governor was finally decided. The Governor would be called to support the action of the Legislature, and the Governor would be called to support the action of the Governor. Since then the excitement has subsided, except to add in small measure.

Rumors were on the street that the prosecution of the Governor was ended, but come to-night, the report may be false. One company of the Seventh Regiment have been ordered to be ready at once.

The Legislature adjourned this morning until January next, to meet at the call of the Governor. Many members have left for home. A majority of the leaders of the Democratic party, and the Governor, are still here, and are not sellers. With a few exceptions, they are the strongest stocks in the market.

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NEW ORLEANS.

Movement of Troops—Hussars Refused—Infidelity Defended.

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COMMERCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 7.

Specie continues here from day to day in small amounts, in response to the demand for United States previous to the war loan, the object of which is to pay for bonds, and to supply the legitimate wants of the trade. A trade in certain stocks, bonds and securities, which before a week ago was almost entirely confined to a few operators, is now extending to the general public, and the effect is a large increase of the amount of business. This is especially the case in the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne shares, and to a less extent in Pittsburgh and Cleveland shares, and in Pittsburgh and Cleveland shares, and in Pittsburgh and Cleveland shares, and

THE PULPIT.

Solar Amusements---Their Uses and Abuses.

R. J. Collier on the Theatre, the Opera, and the Church.

Benefits of the Legitimate Drama Pointed Out.

Miss Chapin in the Church of the Redeemer.

By Poets on Sabbath.

POPULAR AMUSEMENTS.

Concerning the best way of the weather [illegible] almost every one in the Rev. R. J. Collier's church, the Church [illegible] corner of Madison avenue and Thirty-fourth street, was occupied by a congregation which had been announced as receiving an important one, and one which the community at large feel deep interest. Mr. Collier himself has evidently also fathered the many arguments who desired to attend. After the customary reading of the lesson, Mr. Collier said:

THE SERMON.

My discussion for the sermon this morning—The Theatre, the Opera, and the Church—is the subject of the Church to Practice.

My text is First Corinthians, tenth chapter and the thirty-first verse: "Whether therefore ye eat or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God."

There is no sort of use in talking about the evils of idleness and confess still ever be high and of happiness.

But I affect as stern as there is occasion for. [illegible] to be, unwisely, I grant, but it is blame. Hall has been a [illegible] and fatigable of caring on, the world would have perished from the earth if the follies and experiments of mankind were not [illegible] with the same. Many of the best things done in this world have been done in spite of [illegible] and the [illegible] have been by men's hearts have been born of [illegible].

PRINCIPLES AND EXPERIENCE.

I mean to run to-night concerning propositions and, then I may do so tomorrow evening, I think I may say that it is easy to speak of the diminishing evil of [illegible] the [illegible] religion [illegible] and, probably, no question [illegible] importance as the question of [illegible] as to the attitude of the man of [illegible] and the present power of the [illegible] a fundamental statement of the position [illegible] and a logical and Christian reason [illegible]. It is [illegible] that the [illegible] are useful, if they are in any [illegible] of the [illegible] and the Church show [illegible] and why. So that I am not [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] of the clergy and the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible].

For as it [illegible] the amusements are divided into [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and